

ΕΠΙΣΚΟΠΗΣΗ

ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΩΝ ΕΥΡΩΠΑΪΚΩΝ ΚΑΙ ΔΙΕΘΝΩΝ ΕΞΕΛΙΞΕΩΝ

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Ομάδα σύνταξης: Μαργαρίτα Αντωνίου, Αλέξανδρος Κατράνης, Στέφανος Λαζαρίδης,¹

ΕΙΣΑΓΩΓΙΚΑ – ΣΧΟΛΙΑ²

- Το αποτέλεσμα των εκλογών της περασμένης Κυριακής για το Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινοβούλιο δεν απετέλεσαν έκπληξη, μια και επιβεβαίωσαν την τάση του εκλογικού σώματος προς συντηρητικές επιλογές, δεν προκάλεσαν, όμως, ανατροπή, μια και η άκρα δεξιά ενίσχυσε τις θέσεις της σε πανευρωπαϊκό επίπεδο, χωρίς να καταστεί κυρίαρχη πολιτική δύναμη. Η πλειοψηφία παραμένει στις Κοινοβουλευτικές Ομάδες των Συντηρητικών, Σοσιαλδημοκρατών και Φιλελευθέρων, οι οποίοι αναμένεται να αναδείξουν και τον/την επόμενο/η Πρόεδρο της Ευρωπαϊκής Επιτροπής. Η κα. Ursula Von Der Leynen παραμένει η ισχυρότερη υπόψηφια, αν και η εκλογή της δεν θεωρείται απολύτως βεβαία. Λόγω των αποτελεσμάτων εκτιμάται ότι θα υπάρξει στροφή προς εθνικές λύσεις σε ορισμένα θέματα, ενώ οι επιλογές της ευρωπαϊκής πολιτικής θα είναι περισσότερο συντηρητικές («δεξιές») σε ορισμένα θ'εματα όπως μετανάστευση, άμυνα, βοήθεια προς την Ουκρανία κτλ.
- Στη Γαλλία και τη Γερμανία η στροφή προς τα δεξιά ήταν ιδιαίτερος αισθητή. Ο Γάλλος Πρόεδρος κ. Μακρό έσπευσε να προκηρύξει εκλογές για την Εθνοσυνέλευση, απόφαση που θεωρείται ως ρηξικέλευτη, αν και αναγνωρίζεται ότι πιθανόν να υπαγορεύεται από δημοκρατική ευαισθησία και ανάγκη νομιμοποίησης της εξουσίας. Στη Γερμανία η θλέση του Καγκελλαρίου κ. Σόλτς καθίσταται δυσχερής και ακούγονται φωνές που ζητούν αθνικές εκλογές ή αλλαγή του προσώπου του Καγκελλαρίου (με ευνοούμενο τον Υπουργό Άμυνας κ. Πιστόριους). Ο γερμανικός Θεμελιώδης Νόμος (σύνταγμα) δεν ευνοεί, πάντως, την προκήρυξη προώρων εκλογών.
- Η αποχή από τις εκλογές είναι το πιο ανησυζητικό σημείο, επειδή επιβεβαιώνει τη μακροπρόθεσμη τάση αποχής των πολιτών από την πολιτική (και κατά τις εθνικές εκλογές). Το φαινόμενο αυτό εκφράζει την αμηχανία και απογοήτευση των πολιτών από ένα πολιτικό σύστημα που αποκαλείται δημοκρατία, αδιαφορεί, όμως, για τις ανάγκες, τα συμφέροντα και τις επιλογές των ψηφοφόρων-πολιτών και προσανατολίζεται είτε προς μια διεθνή θεματική, κατ' απομίμηση μεγάλων χωρών με διαφορετική οικονομική και κοινωνική βάση, είτε προς ζητήματα που απασχολούν κοινωνικές ή τεχνοκρατικές μειοψηφίες και δεν συγκινούν το κοινωνικό σώμα στο σύνολό του. Η έλλειψη ενδιαφέροντος για τα κοινά και η

¹ Η Εβδομαδιαία Ενημέρωση Ελληνικών και Διεθνών Εξελίξεων (ΕΕΔΕ) συντάσσεται με την ευθύνη της Ομάδας Σύνταξης και δεν εκφράζει τις απόψεις του ΕΛΙΣΜΕ.

² Οι ενδείξεις με πλάγια γράμματα αποτελούν σχόλια του συντάκτη.

απογοήτευση των πολιτών αποτελεί, όμως, το πρώτο και αποφασιστικό βήμα προς αυταρχικές λύσεις, πρωσοπολατρεία, κοινωνικό αποκλεισμό κτλ.

- Με αφορμή τη σύγκληση διεθνούς διάσκεψης για την ανοικοδόμηση της Ουκρανίας στην Ελβετία η Ρωσία υπέβαλε ειρηνευτικό σχέδιο σύμφωνα με τις πάγιες θέσεις της (αποκλεισμός της προσχώρησης της Ουκρανίας στο ΝΑΤΟ και, ίσως, την ΕΕ, ουδέτερο καθεστώς της Ουκρανίας με διεθνείς εγγυήσεις, λύση του εδαφικού σύμφωνα με την «πραγματικότητα» κτλ). Το σχέδιο δεν έγινε δεκτό. Η διάσκεψη ανεγνώρισε την κυριαρχία, ανεξαρτησία και εδαφική ακεραιότητα της Ουκρανίας και ενέκρινε σχέδιο ανοικοδόμησης. Εν τούτοις, δεν υπήρξε ευρεία συμφωνία των συμμετεχόντων προς τις δυτικές αποφάσεις και τελικά ενεκρίθη ανακοινωθέν που ζητεί νέα σύνοδο στην οποία θα συμμετέχουν «όλοι οι ενδιαφερόμενοι» (εννοείται Ρωσία, Κίνα κτλ.).
- Ρωσικά πλοία προέβησαν σε κοινές ασκήσεις με το κουβανικό ναυτικό. ΗΠΑ απέστειλαν σκάφη στο Guantanamo. Κουβανική κυβέρνηση εξέφρασε δυσαρέσκειά της.
- Στη ΜΑ οι ΗΠΑ υπέβαλαν σχέδιο ανακωχής μεταξύ Ισραήλ και Χαμάς, το οποίο συζητείται.
- Η Τουρκία επιδιώκει να προσχωρήσει στους BRICS.
- Παρατηρούνται αμφισβητήσεις του Διεθνούς Δικαίου της Θάλασσας από αναθεωρητικές δυνάμεις (πχ Κίνα)
- ΗΠΑ και ΕΕ επιβάλλουν δασμούς στην εισαγωγή ηλεκτρικών αυτοκινήτων από Κίνα.

Αλέξανδρος Κ. Κατράνης

1. ΘΕΜΑΤΑ ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΟΥ ΕΝΔΙΑΦΕΡΟΝΤΟΣ

Γενικά περί Ελλάδος

Greece's mainstream parties in crisis mode after EU elections

(13/06/2024)

[https://www.euractiv.com/section/politics/news/greeces-mainstream-parties-in-crisis-mode-after-eu-elections/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-](https://www.euractiv.com/section/politics/news/greeces-mainstream-parties-in-crisis-mode-after-eu-elections/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D)

[EMAIL CAMPAIGN 2024 03 15 11 14 COPY 01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0 - c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D](https://www.euractiv.com/section/politics/news/greeces-mainstream-parties-in-crisis-mode-after-eu-elections/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D)

Greece must reform to protect tourism, ombudsman says

“Tourism is a field where the lack of vision and strategy emerges with particular intensity. The exercise of a clear tourism governance is an immense need,”

(13/06/2024)

[https://www.euractiv.com/section/energy-environment/news/greece-must-reform-to-protect-tourism-ombudsman-says/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-](https://www.euractiv.com/section/energy-environment/news/greece-must-reform-to-protect-tourism-ombudsman-says/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D)

[EMAIL CAMPAIGN 2024 03 15 11 14 COPY 01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0 - c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D](https://www.euractiv.com/section/energy-environment/news/greece-must-reform-to-protect-tourism-ombudsman-says/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D)

Político : Σχέδιο Μισέλ για Μητσοτάκη στη θέση της Φον Ντερ Λαιεν

(13/06/24)

Ο Σαρλ Μισέλ έχει νέο σχέδιο για να ρίξει την Ούρσουλα Φον Ντερ Λάιεν. Ειδικότερα, ο πρόεδρος του Ευρωπαϊκού Συμβουλίου διακινεί στους ηγέτες της ΕΕ την ιδέα ότι ο πρωθυπουργός Κυριάκος Μητσοτάκης θα πρέπει να αναλάβει τη θέση της Φον Ντερ Λάιεν, όπως δήλωσαν στο Politico πέντε

διπλωμάτες και αξιωματούχοι της ΕΕ, οι οποίοι μίλησαν υπό τον όρο της ανωνυμίας. Μια δεύτερη θητεία μπορεί να φαίνεται ότι είναι εξασφαλισμένη για την Φον Ντερ Λάιεν, αλλά αυτό δεν εμποδίζει τον Μισέλ να προτείνει εναλλακτικές λύσεις.

[Politico: Σχέδιο Μισέλ για Μητσοτάκη στη θέση της Φον Ντερ Λάιεν \(capital.gr\)](#)

Ελληνική εξωτερική και αμυντική πολιτική

Γεραπετρίτης από τα Σκόπια: Ο σεβασμός του Διεθνούς Δικαίου και των σχέσεων καλής γειτονίας απαραίτητη προϋπόθεση για την ένταξη στην ΕΕ
(13/06/2024)

<https://hellasjournal.com/2024/06/gerapetritis-apo-ta-skopia-o-sevasmos-tou-diethnous-dikeou-ke-ton-scheseon-kalis-gitonias-aparetiti-proipothesi-gia-tin-entaxi-stin-ee/>

Ελληνοτουρκικά

2. ΚΥΠΡΟΣ

The West Should Stop Acquiescing to Turkish Aggression in Northern Cyprus
(12/06/24)

Fifty years ago next month, Turkish troops poured into [Cyprus](#) and seized one-third of the island. Contrary to Turkish propaganda, the Turkish Army's seizure of one-third the island was not to protect Cypriot Muslims. Any threat to them had passed and all sides to the Cyprus conflict were negotiating in Geneva. Rather, the Turkish move was a naked land grab, no different than Germany invading Czechoslovakia or [Russia](#) invading [Ukraine](#).

[The West Should Stop Acquiescing to Turkey's Aggression in Northern Cyprus :: Middle East Forum \(meforum.org\)](#)

Διακομματική στήριξη στην Κύπρο από μέλη του αμερικανικού Κογκρέσου
(13/06/24)

ΟΥΑΣΙΓΚΤΟΝ. (ΚΥΠΕ). Το 39ο Συνέδριο της ΠΣΕΚΑ, στην Ουάσιγκτον, συγκέντρωσε κορυφαίους Αμερικανούς νομοθέτες με στόχο να διατηρήσει το Κυπριακό ενεργά στην ατζέντα της αμερικανικής εξωτερικής πολιτικής και να επισημάνει ότι ο αγώνας για μια ελεύθερη Κύπρο δεν θα σταματήσει ποτέ.

[Διακομματική στήριξη στην Κύπρο από μέλη του αμερικανικού Κογκρέσου - «Εθνικός Κήρυκας» \(ekirikas.com\)](#)

3. ΤΟΥΡΚΙΑ

Γενικά περί Τουρκίας

Τουρκική εξωτερική και αμυντική πολιτική

A Turkish Foreign Minister in China : Subtitles of a silent visit
(12/06/24)

Turkish Foreign Minister Hakan Fidan's visit to China on June 3-5 will probably be remembered mainly for its BRICS+ headline. When Fidan signaled Turkey's interest in becoming a member of this expanding Global South club — a loose grouping of major developing countries (originally Brazil,

Russia, India, China, and South Africa) — he refueled the old debate on Turkey’s “axis shift.” Ten years ago, the main subject of that discussion was the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO), and the question then was whether or not Turkey’s eagerness to join it compromised the country’s membership in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO). Although BRICS has a much softer tone — if not more ambiguous aims — than the security-oriented SCO, the underlying issue remains the same today: Why does Turkey want to join an alternative country club run by China and Russia?

[A Turkish foreign minister in China: Subtitles of a silent visit | Middle East Institute \(mei.edu\)](#)

Χρειάζονται οι BRICS την Τουρκία;

(14/06/2024)

<https://slpress.gr/anadimosieuseis/xreiazontai-oi-brics-tin-tourkia/>

Turkey on Track to Receive New F-16 Fighting Falcons

(11/06/24)

Turkey is set to receive a new batch of modernized F-16 Fighting Falcons, as it signed a letter of acceptance (LOA) this month for forty new F-16C/D Block 70/72 aircraft and seventy-nine F-16V upgrade kits.

[Turkey On Track to Receive New F-16 Fighting Falcons | The National Interest](#)

"Τουρκικό νησί η Ζουράφα", ισχυρίζεται ο πατέρας του τουρκολιβυκού μνημονίου

(14/06/24)

Ο απόστρατος υποναύαρχος Τζιχάτ Γιαϊτζί και "πατέρας" του τουρκολιβυκού μνημονίου, ζήτησε αντίποινα κατά της "ελληνικής παρενόχλησης Τούρκων ψαράδων στη Θάλασσα των Νησιών".

["Τουρκικό νησί η Ζουράφα", ισχυρίζεται ο πατέρας του τουρκολιβυκού... \(capital.gr\)](#)

Turkey Turns Blind Eye to Hamas's Use of Turkish Drone on Oct. 7

(12/06/2024)

https://www.meforum.org/65974/turkey-turns-blind-eye-to-hamas-use-of-turkish?utm_source=Middle+East+Forum&utm_campaign=fe0603229e-MEF_Bozkurt_06122024&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_086cfd423c-fe0603229e-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D&goal=0_086cfd423c-fe0603229e-34488834&mc_cid=fe0603229e&mc_eid=dcb07f3570

4. ΒΑΛΚΑΝΙΑ

Without proactive approach, EU risks further unravelling in Western Balkans

(12/06/2024)

“The Thessaloniki European Council of 2003 confirmed the European perspective of the region for the first time. However, by 2014 the momentum was lost and the enlargement process was officially “frozen” for five years. The EU’s influence and role in the region eroded, benefitting state and non-state actors with dangerous agendas. In this political vacuum, the countries in the region had to deal with the most serious refugee crisis since the Second World War, with over 1.1 million people crossing the Balkan route, while facing one political crisis after another. When we met for the first time in Davos, in January 2018, we agreed on a few fundamental points: This situation could not continue. Our peoples and the region deserved better than to sink deeper into a vicious circle of instability and nationalism. Our goal would not be to pretend to negotiate, fail and then try to win the blame game, as we had seen others do.

We decided that our negotiators would not leave the room until we found a mutually acceptable solution, no matter the political cost we had to pay on our own.

On this basis, we instructed our foreign ministers, Nikos Kotzias and Nikola Dimitrov, to start negotiations. As expected, we faced strong backlash led by the conservative opposition parties – the current Prime Minister of Greece Kyriakos Mitsotakis and the winner of recent elections in North Macedonia, Hristijan Mickoski.

Despite this, we reached an agreement based on mutual respect of our national positions, set the foundations for building a strategic relationship between our two countries and was welcomed in Europe and beyond, as the most important and successful diplomatic initiative for peace in years.

The Agreement gave new momentum to the European perspective of the Western Balkans, restored the EU's role in the region, and highlighted the importance of transatlantic cooperation in promoting peace and stability.

It also underscored the crucial role the UN can play in conflict resolution particularly since the Agreement was officially recognised by all members of the UN Security Council.

Most importantly, it proved that even when the burden of history is heavy, where there's a will, there's a way.

Prespes – once a region torn apart by the most violent civil war in Cold War Europe, which forced thousands to leave their homes as refugees 75 years ago – today stands as a symbol of peace rather than conflict, of hope rather than pain.

Nevertheless, the past six years have not seen the developments we had hoped for. The European accession process of North Macedonia was blocked, first by France, and for the last few years by Bulgaria.

Tensions in Kosovo are increasing as the Brussels talks with Belgrade remain stagnant, and the rhetoric in Bosnia-Herzegovina is becoming more aggressive.

The momentum for enlargement in the Western Balkans is at high risk and does not seem to be gaining strength, even with the decision to open accession negotiations with Ukraine and Moldova and recognize Bosnia-Herzegovina as a candidate country.

More and more young people are migrating, disappointed by their leaderships and by the inability or unwillingness of the EU to live up to its promise.

In a period of increasing global antagonisms, regional instability and conflict, Europe must take the lead as a force that pro-actively supports peace and stability on the basis of international law, wherever it is threatened. However, it can only establish itself as a strong international diplomatic force if it is reliable first in its own neighborhood.

Following recent elections in North Macedonia, the new leadership has made provocative statements, violating the letter and spirit of Prespa.

The EU and the international community must make it clear that respect of the Agreement is the only path to further democratic integration, to European accession and pre-accession support.

Its violation will further destabilise the region and lead to an existential challenge not only for North Macedonia's European future, but for its future as a whole.

At the same time, if this condition is fully respected, the EU must be ready to leave behind any "business-as-usual approach" we have seen in the past six years and embrace a pro-active, staged approach to enlargement, as suggested by many European officials and experts.

It must be clear to all countries in the region, that the peaceful resolution of differences has benefits for the people of the Balkans and their leadership. That sacrifices are rewarded, not cynically disregarded.

As the extreme-right gains strength, democratic, moderate – and particularly progressive – leaders must cooperate and redouble their efforts to stand against nationalism and national retrenchment.

Highlighting the benefits of European unity will not be enough.

The only way to stand firm on European values in today's world is to be pro-active in taking the decisions we all know are necessary despite their political cost. The decision to issue common debt in order to finance Next Generation EU, is a prime example of this kind of thinking.

In this spirit, on June 17-18 2024, exactly six years after the signing of the Agreement, our Institutes will be launching an International Conference on "Peace and Sustainable Growth" in Athens, hosting prominent government leaders and officials from across the democratic political spectrum and experts from across the world. Our aim will be to support the implementation of the Prespa Agreement and highlight the responsibility of the EU and the international community in this regard.

Most importantly, we aim to open up an honest and forward-looking dialogue on the future of Europe and the region – a discussion that is today more necessary than ever, given the rise of the extreme-right, nationalism and regional instability"³.

https://www.euractiv.com/section/enlargement/opinion/without-proactive-approach-eu-risks-further-unravelling-in-western-balkans/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-

³ Κοινό κείμενο των πρώην ΠΘ Ελλάδος κ. Αλέξη Τσίπρα και Βορείου Μακεδονίας κ. Ζόραν Ζάεφ αποκλειστικά για το EURACTV.

[EMAIL CAMPAIGN 2024 03 15 11 14 COPY 01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0 - c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D](mailto:EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D)

5. ΔΥΣΗ

ΗΠΑ

Read the Full Transcript of President Joe Biden’s Interview With TIME

<https://time.com/6984968/joe-biden-transcript-2024-interview/>

Sleepwalking Toward War

Will America and China Heed the Warnings of Twentieth-Century Catastrophe?

(13/09/2024)

https://www.foreignaffairs.com/china/sleepwalking-toward-war-united-states?utm_medium=newsletters&utm_source=fatoday&utm_campaign=Sleepwalking%20Toward%20War&utm_content=20240613&utm_term=FA%20Today%20-%20112017

US submarine deployed to Gitmo as Russian warships gather for Caribbean exercises

(13/06/2024)

<https://thehill.com/policy/defense/4721292-us-submarine-deployed-to-gitmo-as-russian-warships-gather-for-caribbean-exercises/>

U.S. deploys warships as Russian fleet makes close pass to Florida in approach to Cuba

(12/06/2024)

<https://news.yahoo.com/news/u-deploys-warships-russian-fleet-223456919.html?guccounter=1>

Εκτραχύνεται η ένταση;-ΥΠΕΞ Κούβας: Δεν εγκρίνουμε τον κατάπλου του αμερικανικού υποβρυχίου USS Helena στο Γκουαντάναμο

(16/06/2024)

https://www.pentapostagma.gr/kosmos/ipa/7247277_ektrahynetai-i-entasi-ypex-koybas-den-egkrinoyme-ton-kataploy-toy-amerikanikoy#google_vignette

World Order is in a Downward Spiral

The United States needs a grand strategy to deal with three interconnected threats to global stability.

(12/06/2024)

<https://nationalinterest.org/feature/world-order-downward-spiral-211417>

Ευρώπη

Germany presents new military service model to start conscription from next year

(12/06/2024)

https://www.euractiv.com/section/defence-and-security/news/germany-presents-new-military-service-model-to-start-conscription-from-next-year/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-

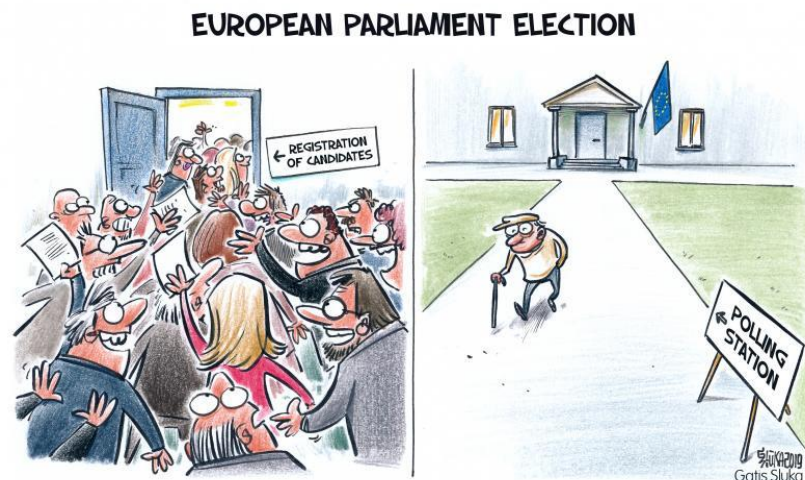
[EMAIL CAMPAIGN 2024 03 15 11 14 COPY 01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0 - c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D](mailto:EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D)

Hungary strikes opt-out deal, says won’t obstruct NATO’s aid to Ukraine

(12/06/2024)

https://www.euractiv.com/section/defence-and-security/news/hungary-strikes-opt-out-deal-says-wont-obstruct-natos-aid-to-ukraine/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=fe00e7220a-

6. ΕΥΡΩΠΑΪΚΗ ΕΝΩΣΗ



https://images.search.yahoo.com/search/images?p=ELECTIONS+EUROPEAN+PARLIAMENT+PICTURES+CARRICAUREES&fr=mcafee_uninternatinal&type=E210GR105G0&imgurl=https%3A%2F%2Fs3-eu-central-1.amazonaws.com%2Fcartoons-s3%2Fstyles%2Fproduct_detail_image%2Fs3%2Fcartoons%2F2019%2F03%2FEuropean_parliament_election_gatis_sluka.jpg%3Fitok%3DxoOeLKYq#id=1&iurl=https%3A%2F%2Fs3-eu-central-1.amazonaws.com%2Fcartoons-s3%2Fstyles%2Fproduct_detail_image%2Fs3%2Fcartoons%2F2019%2F03%2FEuropean_parliament_election_gatis_sluka.jpg%3Fitok%3DxoOeLKYq&action=click

Πολιτικές ομάδες στο Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινοβούλιο	Αριθμός εδρών	% εδρών
ΕΛΚ - Κοινοβουλευτική Ομάδα του Ευρωπαϊκού Λαϊκού Κόμματος (Χριστιανοδημοκράτες)	190	26,39%
S&D - Ομάδα της Προοδευτικής Συμμαχίας των Σοσιαλιστών και Δημοκρατών στο Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινοβούλιο	136	18,89%
Renew Europe - Renew Europe group	80	11,11%
ΕΣΜ - Ομάδα των Ευρωπαίων Συντηρητικών και Μεταρρυθμιστών	76	10,56%
ID - Ομάδα Ταυτότητας και Δημοκρατίας	58	8,06%
Verts/ALE - Ομάδα των Πρασίνων / Ευρωπαϊκή Ελεύθερη Συμμαχία	52	7,22%
The Left - Ομάδα της Αριστεράς στο Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινοβούλιο - GUE/NGL	39	5,42%
NI - Μη Εγγεγραμμένοι	45	6,25%
Λοιποί - Νεοεκλεγέντες που δεν ανήκουν σε πολιτική ομάδα	44	6,11%

Πολιτικές ομάδες στο Ευρωπαϊκό Κοινοβούλιο

Αριθμός εδρών

% εδρών

του απερχόμενου Κοινοβουλίου

<https://results.elections.europa.eu/el/ekloges-apotelesmata/2024-2029/>

Europe need strategists , not accountants

(12/06/24)

Europe is making an economic argument against confiscating frozen Russian assets to fund Ukraine. This narrow view misses the strategic imperative for doing so.

[Europe needs strategists, not accountants \(iiss.org\)](#)

Που οδηγεί την ΕΕ το εκλογικό αποτέλεσμα

(10/06/24)

Στην ψυχανάλυση γίνεται λόγος για "επιστροφή του απωθημένου". Στην ευρωπαϊκή πολιτική θα μπορούσαμε κατ' αναλογία να μιλάμε, μετά και τα αποτελέσματα των ευρωεκλογών, για "επιστροφή του εθνικού". Και πράγματι η έννοια της εθνικής κυριαρχίας κατεξοχήν απωθήθηκε στην Ευρώπη των υπερεθνικών λύσεων και των φεντεραλιστικών οραματισμών, μόνο και μόνο για να επιστρέψει δριμύτερη στις προτιμήσεις των ψηφοφόρων και μάλιστα σε συνθήκες αύξησης της συμμετοχής πανευρωπαϊκά.

[Πού οδηγεί την ΕΕ το εκλογικό αποτέλεσμα | Capital](#)

Autonomous Europe : Threat to the U.S. and Opportunity to China

(12/06/24)

In recent years, a geopolitical awakening has stirred within Europe, accompanied by a stark realization: the continent's overreliance on the United States has been detrimental. Once an economic colossus, Europe now finds itself diminished, struggling to carve out a role in the new epoch of great power rivalry. This diminution aligns with Washington's aspirations to maintain a unipolar world order, relegating Europe to a mere vassal state.

[Autonomous Europe: Threat to the U.S. and Opportunity to China - Modern Diplomacy](#)

Quo vadis Ευρώπη – Θεσμοκρατία και θεσμοκρατορία

(09/06/2024)

Το στρατηγικό διακύβευμα για την Ευρώπη είναι σήμερα διττό: Πρώτον, απαιτείται η αποκατάσταση της εμπιστοσύνης των Ευρωπαίων σε ηγεσίες που δεν ικανοποιούν καταστατικές ανάγκες των πολιτών για κοινωνική δικαιοσύνη και για ανάγκη αυτοπροσδιορισμού. Πρακτικά η στροφή προς τα περισσότερο συντηρητικά ή και ακροδεξιά κόμματα συνιστά μήνυμα για επιστροφή στο "εθνικό". Δεύτερον, επιβάλλεται η αποφυγή περαιτέρω εμπλοκής σε διεθνείς διενέξεις, κυρίως σε αυτές οι οποίες υπό το βάρος της εγγύτητας απειλούν την ευρωπαϊκή ασφάλεια.

<https://slpress.gr/idees/quo-vadis-evropi-thesmokratia-kai-thesmokratoria/>

7. ΠΡΩΗΝ ΣΟΒΙΕΤΙΚΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΣ

Ρωσία

“Να πάρει ο διάολος, οι Ρώσοι δεν μπλόφαραν”... Μπουμ!

13/06/2024

<https://slpress.gr/diethni/na-parei-o-diaolos-oi-rosoi-den-blofaran-boum/>

Elite Russian Navy Flotilla Trains for Long Range Strikes While Approaching US Coast

(11/06/24)

A flotilla from the Russian Navy's Northern Fleet has begun training for long range strikes while en route to Cuba, where they will dock in the capital Havana just 350 kilometres off the coast of the United States. The small naval contingent is comprised of two combat vessels including the [Yasen-M Class](#) nuclear powered attack submarine Kazan, and the Gorshkov Class frigate

Admiral Gorshkov, which represent by far Russia's two most capable ocean going surface and submarine combatants. The Russian Defence Ministry reported that the ships delivered simulated long range strikes against enemy naval targets located over 600km away, with this following prior excesses by the Admiral Gorshkov simulating countering an air raid using its guns and anti-aircraft systems. The deployment of the ships to Cuba has been widely interpreted as one of many responses to escalating U.S. military support for Ukraine, including provision of longer ranged missiles and permitting them to be used against [targets deep inside](#) Russia, as well as providing personnel and targeting data by aircraft and satellite to facilitate attacks.

[Elite Russian Navy Flotilla Trains For Long Range Strikes While Approaching U.S. Coast \(militarywatchmagazine.com\)](#)

Russia's New S-500 Air Defense System Sees Ever First Deployment to Protect Key Crimea Bridge
(14/06/24)

The Russian Armed Forces have reportedly made their first ever deployment of the [S-500 long range air defence](#) system to support the ongoing war effort in Ukraine, according to a report by the head of the Ukrainian Defence Intelligence Directorate Lieutenant General Kyrilo Budanov. The system has reportedly been deployed in Kerch City near the disputed Crimean Peninsula, primarily to protect the Kerch Strait Bridge which links the territory to the Russian mainland. The \$4 billion infrastructure project, completed in May 2018, has been a primary potential target for Ukrainian and allied attacks, due to both its symbolic value linking Crimea to mainland Russia, and to its military importance allowing Russian forces to redeploy. While Western sources have called for attacks on the bridge since shortly after its construction over six years ago, a bombing of the bridge on October 8, 2022 took it out of commission for several hours and caused three deaths, which was quickly commemorated in Kiev with a celebratory postage stamp. This was followed by a Ukrainian drone boat attack on the bridge in July 2023, which also caused damage that was quickly repaired.

[Russia's New S-500 Air Defence System Sees First Ever Deployment to Protect Key Crimean Bridge \(militarywatchmagazine.com\)](#)

Ουκρανία



https://images.search.yahoo.com/search/images?p=UKRAINE+CONFERENCE+SWITZERLAND+PICTURES&fr=mcafee_uninternational&type=E210GR105G0&imgurl=https%3A%2F%2Fassets.publishing.service.gov.uk%2Fgovernment%2Fuploads%2Fsystem%2Fuploads%2Ffeature%2Fimage%2F91195%2FUKraine_recovery_conference.PNG#id=40&iurl=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.bmz.de%2Fresource%2Fimage%2F116494%2F2x1%2F1920%2F960%2Fee

[9640db7653af1b11f969fc4a90feb6%2F1F9DF05387E022E38BDE3A0EACF073AC%2F220704-lugano-logo-michael-buholzer.jpg&action=click](https://hellasjournal.com/2024/06/edafiki-akereotita-tis-oukranias-ke-emploki-tis-rosias-stis-sinomilies-i-kirii-axones-tis-sinodou-stin-elvetia-ta-vasika-simia-tou-telikou-simperasmatos/)

Εδαφική ακεραιότητα της Ουκρανίας και εμπλοκή της Ρωσίας στις συνομιλίες οι κύριοι άξονες της συνόδου στην Ελβετία: Τα βασικά σημεία του τελικού συμπεράσματος (16/06/2024)

<https://hellasjournal.com/2024/06/edafiki-akereotita-tis-oukranias-ke-emploki-tis-rosias-stis-sinomilies-i-kirii-axones-tis-sinodou-stin-elvetia-ta-vasika-simia-tou-telikou-simperasmatos/>

Why Involvement of NATO forces in Ukraine should be taken seriously (11/06/24)

Is it possible for NATO armed forces to be involved in a military conflict between Russia and Ukraine? Such a formulation of the issue until recently seemed marginal, given the high risks of escalation of the military confrontation between the North Atlantic Alliance and Russia into a large-scale armed conflict. However, this scenario should be taken seriously. The involvement of individual NATO countries or the entire bloc in military operations may gradually increase. Crossing red lines can generate confidence that participation in the conflict will not have consequences, and the red lines need to be pushed further and further. The result of such movements can appear at an unexpected moment and lead to a much more dangerous events than the current situation.

[RIAC :: Why Involvement of NATO Forces in Ukraine Should Be Taken Seriously \(russiancouncil.ru\)](https://russiancouncil.ru/en/press-releases/2024/06/why-involvement-of-nato-forces-in-ukraine-should-be-taken-seriously/)

NATO to take over part of US-led Ukraine aid channel

Concerns about who will win the U.S. presidency have prompted NATO to take a bigger role in ensuring military support and training for Ukraine. (13/06/2024)

<https://www.politico.eu/article/nato-us-ukraine-aid-channel-country-soilder-budapest-europe-russia-war-kyiv/>

Wider European war on the horizon

NATO strategists seem to think pressure is mounting in Russia to stop its Ukraine offensive and seek a ceasefire. They're likely wrong (13/06/2024)

https://asiatimes.com/2024/06/wider-european-war-on-the-horizon/?mc_cid=d2c31ac3a4&mc_eid=71f2ca0c09

Crucially limited buy-in to Ukraine peace summit

Russia, China and much of Global South giving Swiss-hosted peace summit a miss, meaning few expect any meaningful outcomes (13/06/2024)

https://asiatimes.com/2024/06/crucially-limited-buy-in-to-ukraine-peace-summit/?mc_cid=d2c31ac3a4&mc_eid=71f2ca0c09

War and Peace: Ukraine's Impossible Choices

Two years into Russia's full-scale war against Ukraine, a Carnegie-sponsored opinion poll found that Ukrainians still believe strongly in their national cause, even as doubts creep in about the path to victory. (11/06/2024)

<https://carnegieendowment.org/research/2024/06/ukraine-public-opinion-russia-war?lang=en>

Λευκορωσία

Καύκασος

Pressure On Pashinian Grows As Armenians Continue Protests

(13/06/2024)

https://www.rferl.org/a/armenia-protests-pashinian-resignation-galstanian/32991054.html?utm_source=dailybrief&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=DailyBrief2024Jun13&utm_term=DailyNewsBrief

Armenian leader announces plan to leave Russia-dominated security alliance as ties with Moscow sour

(13/06/2024)

<https://apnews.com/article/armenia-russia-csto-security-alliance-2968d29f8fe97a1be8d1a952a1d2ebb8>

Κεντρική Ασία

8. ΜΕΣΗ ΑΝΑΤΟΛΗ

Out of the Shadows: The Implications of Iran's Recent Duel With Israel

https://www.armscontrol.org/act/2024-06/features/out-shadows-implications-irans-recent-duel-israel?mkt_tok=ODEzLVhZVS00MjIAAAGTskRCguYzu1zOeLVkkFnImwcSmoVRVfbWE5OcfVxDjCOv2gtWr2h1EE2926EjaRq8OqgXD1qgHUcKdt6ap0Dtsoy2LsGcUWdxeL0Bl-QdssI

Beyond guns and oil : The emerging soft power rivalry between Iran and Saudi Arabia

A little over a year ago, the icy relations between Iran and Saudi Arabia underwent a remarkable thaw. Following a handshake between their foreign ministers in Beijing, the two countries restored diplomatic ties, reopened their respective embassies, and dispatched a flurry of high-level visits to each other's capitals. But beneath this détente, a new front emerged in their longstanding rivalry — one rooted not in geopolitics or religious ideologies but in the realm of soft power and societal aspirations.

[Beyond guns and oil: The emerging soft power rivalry between Iran and Saudi Arabia | Middle East Institute \(mei.edu\)](#)

Evaluating plans for the day after

(12/06/24)

The elusive search for a Gaza cease-fire continues to occupy the time of [President Joe Biden](#) and other global leaders, even as the on-going kinetic conflict produces an inevitable stream of deaths, destruction, and displacement. Yet amidst the horrors that appear daily on television screens worldwide, [discussions are underway](#) regarding the “day after.”

[Evaluating plans for the “day after” | Middle East Institute \(mei.edu\)](#)

IN BRIEF: THE PROSPECT OF A CEASEFIRE IN GAZA

(12/06/2024)

https://warontherocks.com/2024/06/in-brief-the-prospect-of-a-ceasefire-in-gaza/?_s=8e9dfirdos495he78t5c

After Gantz's resignation ,the far right reasserts dominance ;over the Israeli government at a particularly sensitive time

(10/06/24)

Following the June 9 [resignation](#) of Benny Gantz and his National Unity party from Benjamin Netanyahu's war government, Israel is [once again](#) led by a coalition that relies on far-right parties and extremists. This is happening at a particularly sensitive time for the country: Israel faces an additional risk of escalation along its northern border, needs a realistic "day after" plan for the Gaza Strip, has been offered the prospect of normalization with Saudi Arabia, and is on the receiving end of growing international criticism.

[Monday Briefing: After Gantz's resignation, the far right reasserts dominance over the Israeli government at a particularly sensitive time | Middle East Institute \(mei.edu\)](#)

9. ΑΦΡΙΚΗ

Security Council demands end to siege of El Fasher in Sudan
(13/06/2024)

https://news.un.org/en/story/2024/06/1151031?utm_source=dailybrief&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=DailyBrief2024Jun14&utm_term=DailyNewsBrief

Mnangagwa Considers Zambia as a Security Threat in Southern Africa
(11/06/24)

Zimbabwean President Emmerson Dambudzo Mnangagwa, during a special meeting on the sidelines, St. Petersburg International Economic Forum held on 5 to 8 June, with President Vladimir Putin, underscored the development of relations between Russia and Zimbabwe, highlighted possible spheres of bilateral cooperation and, most importantly, Zimbabwe's position within the Southern African Development Community (SADC).

[Mnangagwa Considers Zambia as a Security Threat in Southern Africa - Modern Diplomacy](#)

10. ΜΕΣΟΓΕΙΟΣ

MARE NOSTRUM REVISITED: MARITIME COMPETITION IN THE MEDITERRANEAN
(13/06/2024)

https://warontherocks.com/2024/06/mare-nostrum-revisited-maritime-competition-in-the-mediterranean/?_s=8e9dfirdos495he78t5c

11. ΜΑΥΡΗ ΘΑΛΑΣΣΑ

12. ΚΙΝΑ

China's Do-Nothing Strategy in the Middle East
Beijing Needs a Safe Red Sea—but Wants Washington to Deliver It
(13/06/2024)

https://www.foreignaffairs.com/china/chinas-do-nothing-strategy-middle-east?utm_medium=newsletters&utm_source=fatoday&utm_campaign=Sleepwalking%20Toward%20War&utm_content=20240613&utm_term=FA%20Today%20-%20112017

Can China Divide the West?
(13/06/24)

he arrangement of Chinese President Xi Jinping's recent visit to three European countries—France, Serbia, and Hungary—appears meticulously planned. Within the G7 group, France is often seen as an independent actor. In the European Union, Hungary has been regarded as the

most independent-minded member since 2010, while Serbia has faced criticism from the U.S. and Europe for its pro-Russia and pro-China stance. Consequently, there exists among the Western public opinion that sees Xi's visit as an attempt to divide the West.

[Can China Divide the West? - Modern Diplomacy](#)

The G-7 Summit and Africa's Infrastructure Gap

(14/06/24)

China has a significant advantage over the West in developing African infrastructure. Yet, there is still an opportunity for the G-7 to compete on its own terms.

[The G-7 Summit and Africa's Infrastructure Gap | The National Interest](#)

China's 6th Generation and Upcoming Combat Aircraft: 2024 Update

A look at where the PLA's cutting-edge aircraft programs – from the J-XD to J-20 upgrades and the mysterious H-20 stealth bomber – stand.

(11/06/2024)

<https://thediplomat.com/2024/06/chinas-6th-generation-and-upcoming-combat-aircraft-2024-update/>

China's global military base strategy taking shape

Rand report identifies China's target countries for basing agreements in a rising but still distant challenge to US power

(14/06/2024)

https://asiatimes.com/2024/06/chinas-global-military-base-strategy-taking-shape/?mc_cid=746322e7fb&mc_eid=71f2ca0c09

13. ΑΣΙΑ – ΑΥΣΤΡΑΛΙΑ - ΕΙΡΗΝΙΚΟΣ

14. ΛΑΤΙΝΙΚΗ ΑΜΕΡΙΚΗ

Russian ships arrive in Cuba as Cold War allies strengthen their ties

(12/06/2024)

<https://edition.cnn.com/2024/06/12/americas/russian-navy-cuba-intl/index.html>

Chiquita found liable for financing paramilitary group

(12/06/2024)

<https://edition.cnn.com/2024/06/11/business/chiquita-banana-liable-paramilitary-group-colombia/index.html>

15. ΘΕΜΑΤΙΚΕΣ ΕΝΟΤΗΤΕΣ

Διεθνή – Πολυμερή - Περιφερειακά

The End of Soft Power?

Even as the hard power of weapons and armies resurges on the global stage, the cultivation and use of soft power will still hold currency in the twenty-first century.

(12/06/2024)

<https://nationalinterest.org/feature/end-soft-power-211414>

World Order is in a Downward Spiral

(12/06/24)

The international system is well into its most challenging period since the years that led up to the Cuban Missile Crisis, as the liberal world order gradually erodes. U.S.-China relations are [on a path](#) to an eventual confrontation while the balance of power in Asia shifts against the United States. A Russian dictator [seeks to overthrow](#) the European security system that brought peace and prosperity to the continent for many decades. The war in Gaza demonstrates the failure of successive American administrations to contend with the [hegemonic ambitions](#) of Iran effectively. Diplomacy has yet to mitigate the abiding danger in any of these cases.

[World Order is in a Downward Spiral | The National Interest](#)

A fractured Europe is allowing Putin's new axis to blossom
(13/06/24)

Right now Russia, China, and Iran are forming a coalition to contest the American-led global order. In some theaters like Ukraine, bombs are deployed to herald its arrival. Elsewhere, it is more sinister.

[A fractured Europe is allowing Putin's new axis to blossom - Modern Diplomacy](#)

G7 leaders strike 'provisional' deal on \$50 billion Russian frozen assets loan to Ukraine
(13/06/2024)

https://www.euractiv.com/section/europe-s-east/news/g7-leaders-strike-provisional-deal-on-50-billion-russian-frozen-assets-loan-to-ukraine/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=4b165e6e1a-EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0 - c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D

Θα πολεμήσουμε για το NATO; – Πού είναι οι “δυτικές αξίες”;
(11/06/2024)

Ωραία η ρητορική, όμως καλό να δούμε βάσει των γεγονότων που τρέχουν για ποιες αξίες θα κληθούμε να στρατευτούμε. Το Ισραήλ είναι η μόνη χώρα παγκοσμίως που μπορεί όχι μόνο να περιφρονεί τις αποφάσεις του ΟΗΕ, αλλά να τον τοποθετεί ανοικτά στη μαύρη λίστα των εχθρών του. Ενώ έχουμε ακούσει θρήνους επί θρήνων για βομβαρδισμούς αμάχων από τους Ρώσους, η διαμαρτυρία για τη γενοκτονία που πραγματοποιεί το Ισραήλ στη Γάζα ενοχοποιείται σαν “αντισημιτισμός” στη Δύση. Το δικαίωμα του Ισραήλ στην αυθαιρεσία και το έγκλημα, τα οποία προβάλλει και διαφημίζει το ίδιο, μέσω βίντεο που ανεβάζουν οι στρατιώτες και οι ραββίνοι του, έχει καταστεί αρχή στη Δύση. Στο όνομά της τα δικαιώματα λόγου, πεποίθησης, έκφρασης, διαφωνίας καταπατούνται χωρίς δισταγμό.

<https://slpress.gr/idees/tha-polemisoyme-gia-to-nato-pou-einai-oi-ditikes-axies/>

A Contested Global Order at Sea

Since the end of the Cold War, physical and digital global connectivity was secured through the unfettered use of sea-lanes. But the oceans now stand as contested spaces.

(11/06/2024)

<https://www.ispionline.it/en/publication/a-contested-global-order-at-sea-176581>

Δίκαιο - Ανθρώπινα δικαιώματα

The Independent International Commission of Inquiry on the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and Israel

<https://www.ohchr.org/en/hr-bodies/hrc/co-israel/index>

China and Russia Test the Global Maritime Governance

The two countries expressed dissatisfaction with the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS). Are law and order sailing into troubled waters?

(11/06/2024)

<https://www.ispionline.it/en/publication/china-and-russia-test-the-global-maritime-governance-176597>

Διεθνής ασφάλεια – Τρομοκρατία - Εξοπλισμοί

Ο αριθμός των ενόπλων συγκρούσεων παγκοσμίως έφτασε το 2023 στο υψηλότερο σημείο από το 1946

(10/06/24)

Το 2023 καταγράφηκε σε όλο τον πλανήτη ο υψηλότερος αριθμός συγκρούσεων από το 1946, ενώ τα τρία τελευταία χρόνια ήταν τα πιο βίαια των τριών τελευταίων δεκαετιών, σύμφωνα με νορβηγική έκθεση που δημοσιεύθηκε σήμερα.

[Ο αριθμός των ένοπλων συγκρούσεων παγκοσμίως έφτασε το 2023 στο υψηλότερο... \(capital.gr\)](#)

Emerging Technologies and their Impact on Warfare

(11/06/24)

Technology has evolved the way wars were fought; it has evolved the way people think of war, the very perception of war.

[Emerging Technologies and their Impact on Warfare - Modern Diplomacy](#)

Secretary General underlines B9(σημ. Bucharest Nine) countries' crucial role in strengthening NATO's deterrence and defense

(11/06/24)

Secretary General Jens Stoltenberg attended the B9 (Bucharest Nine) Summit in Riga on Tuesday (11 June 2024) to discuss preparations for the NATO Summit, as well as boosting support to Ukraine. The Summit was hosted by Latvian President Edgars Rinkēvičs and co-chaired by Polish President Andrzej Duda and Romanian President Klaus Iohannis.

[NATO - News: Secretary General underlines B9 countries' crucial role in strengthening NATO's deterrence and defence, 11-Jun.-2024](#)

Μια νέα σύγκρουση ετοιμάζεται – στον πάγο

Από τις υψηλές θερμοκρασίες της Μέσης Ανατολής στους πάγους της Ανταρκτικής; Το ερώτημα χάσκει αναπάντητο...

(16/06/2024)

<https://www.ot.gr/2024/06/16/apopseis/opinion/mia-nea-syngkrousi-etoimazetai-ston-pago/>

Μετανάστευση

Global Trends

The latest Global Trends report, published in June 2024, provides key statistical trends on forced displacement. It includes the latest official statistics on refugees, asylum-seekers, internally displaced

[https://www.unhcr.org/global-](https://www.unhcr.org/global-trends?utm_source=dailybrief&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=DailyBrief2024Jun13&utm_term=DailyNewsBrief)

[trends?utm_source=dailybrief&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=DailyBrief2024Jun13&utm_term=DailyNewsBrief](https://www.unhcr.org/global-trends?utm_source=dailybrief&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=DailyBrief2024Jun13&utm_term=DailyNewsBrief)

Εθνική και διεθνής Οικονομία – Ενέργεια – Ναυτιλία

Φιλί ζωής οι πόλεμοι για την αμερικανική βιομηχανία

(14/06/2024)

<https://slpress.gr/oikonomia/fili-zois-oi-polemoi-gia-tin-amerikaniki-viomixania/>

EU tariffs on China too low to protect Europe's car industry – former top US trade official

(14/06/2024)

https://www.euractiv.com/section/economy-jobs/news/eu-tariffs-on-china-too-low-to-protect-europes-car-industry-former-top-us-trade-official/?utm_source=Euractiv&utm_campaign=4b165e6e1a-EMAIL_CAMPAIGN_2024_03_15_11_14_COPY_01&utm_medium=email&utm_term=0_c120410112-%5BLIST_EMAIL_ID%5D

The India -Middle East-Europe Corridor (IMEC): Revolutionizing trade?
(12/06/24)

In September 2023, during the G20 Summit in New Delhi, the India-Middle East-Europe Economic Corridor (IMEC) was [launched to much fanfare](#) and hype. It has been created to bolster trade and communication links between India, the Middle East, and Europe, and is seen by many as an alternative trade route to China's Belt and Road Initiative (BRI).

[The India-Middle East-Europe Economic Corridor: Revolutionizing Trade? - Modern Diplomacy](#)

ΟΠΕΚ: Ζητά περισσότερες επενδύσεις σε ορυκτά καύσιμα για να αποτραπεί το έλλειμμα
Απορρίπτει την πρόβλεψη για τη κορύφωση της ζήτησης πετρελαίου
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Κρίσιμες πρώτες ύλες και μεταποίηση

Η κυκλική οικονομία, η βιομηχανική παραγωγή μηδενικών αποβλήτων και αερίων του θερμοκηπίου, με στόχο την πλήρη απανθρακοποίηση απαιτεί καινοτομία στην μεταλλουργία
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Οικολογία – Περιβάλλον – Κλίμα - Δημογραφικό

Πολιτισμός

Η έκπληξη πίσω από τη νέα «νίκη» για τα Γλυπτά του Παρθενώνα -Γιατί είπε ότι ντρέπεται ο Ιταλός προεδρεύων στην UNESCO
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